

# PEST ALERT

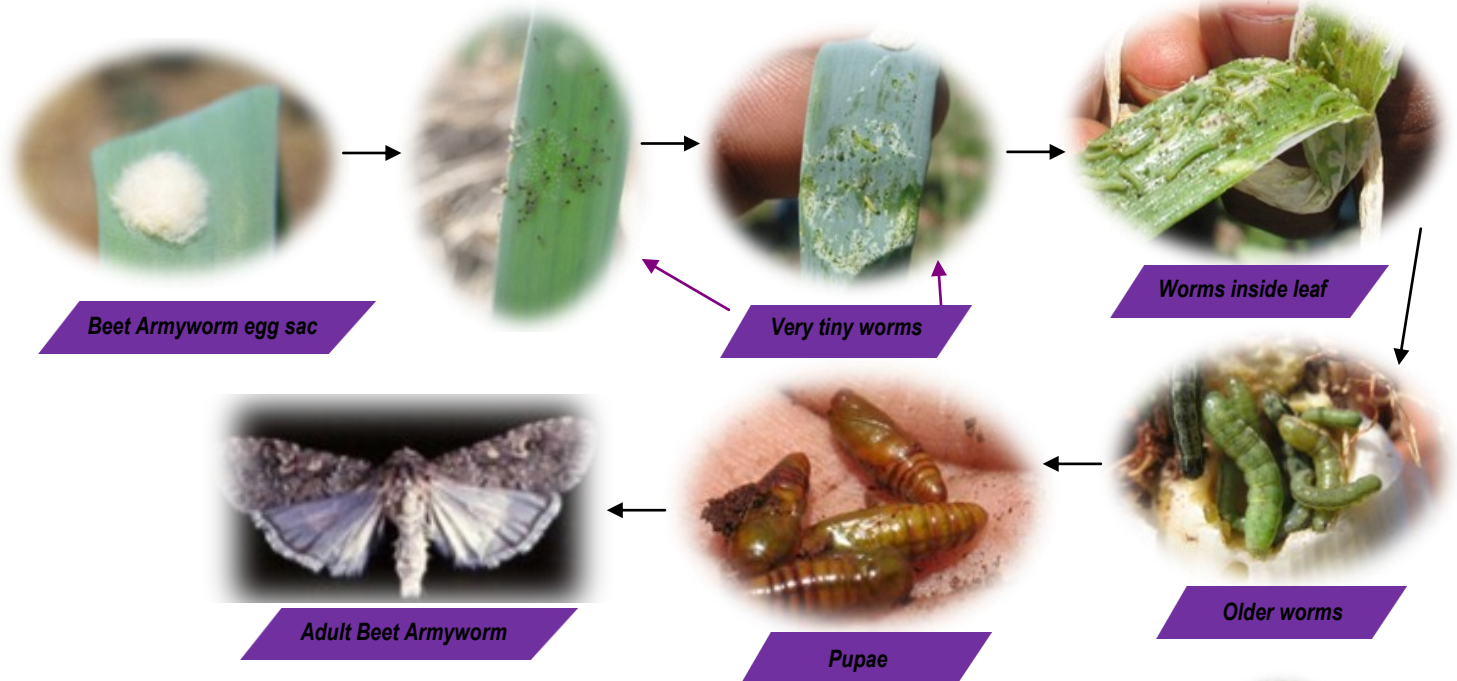
## Beet Armyworm

### Conditions favouring Beet Armyworm

- Long drought period followed by rain
- High temperatures
- Good supply of food (e.g. escallion & onion)
- Nearby beet armyworm infested field under poor Management.

### What to look out for

- Beet armyworm egg sacs
- Very tiny worms
- Increasing adult population (using beet armyworm pheromone trap).
- Beet armyworm damage to crop



### What to do

- Hand-pick and destroy beet armyworm eggs and worms (where practicable)
- Target very tiny worms with sprays of **Bts.** (e.g. Xentari®, Dipel® or Agree®), then **abamectin** (e.g. Newmectin® or Cure®), then **lufenuron** (Match®).
- Target older worms with sprays of **fenpropathrin** (e.g. Danitol®), then **methomyl** (e.g. Lannate®) then **abamectin** (e.g. Cure®).
- Practice crop rotation and good field sanitation
- Destroy badly infested material and plough in damaged non productive fields
- CALL RADA – 1888-ASK-RADA



Easy-make Beet Armyworm Pheromone trap.

For further information: contact your RADA Parish Office at 966-2285 or 966-2232